What's in the Fridge?

From the APHG Course Articulation Guide

- · Explain the interdependence among regions of food production and consumption.
- Food is part of a global supply chain; products from less developed low-latitude regions (e.g., coffee, bananas) are often consumed globally.
- Identify agricultural production regions associated with major bioclimatic zones.
- · Analyze the causes and consequences of international trade and growing interdependence in the world economy.
- Complementarity and comparative advantage establish the basis for trade.

Free Response Questions (Outline your answers in the space below each question.)

- 1) Discuss why the types of foods imported from Latin America are different than the types of foods imported from Europe.
- 2) Identify two reasons why the United States imports specific types of foods from Central America.

- 1) Explain how exports from European countries are different than the exports from Central America countries.
- 2) Identify an example of complementarity between the United States and a Latin American country.
- 3) Discuss the comparative advantage countries like Guatemala, Bangladesh, and Mexico have with what it trade with the United States.

Possible Answers to Consider...

- 1) Discuss why the types of foods imported from Latin America are different than the types of foods imported from Europe.
 - Climate Differences: Tropical and Mediterranean
 - Plantation Type Crops / Cash Crops
 - Speciality Items from Europe
 - Tropical Fruits and Vegetables from Latin America
 - Coffee from Latin America

2) Identify two reasons why the United States imports specific types of foods from Central America.

- USA does not have a tropical climate
- USA farmers may not be able to compete with the cheaper production in Latin America
- Cheaper than trying to produce the same product in the United States
- High demand for the product in the United States (coffee)
- 1) Explain how exports from European countries are different than the exports from Central America countries.
 - High tech, medical, cars, etc. from Europe versus Food, clothing, natural resources from Latin America
- 2) Identify an example of complementarity between the United States and a Latin American country.
 - USA: tech goods, wheat, and medical
 - Latin America: bananas, coffee, sugar, t-shirts, some assembled goods

3) Discuss the comparative advantage countries like Guatemala, Bangladesh, and Mexico have with what it trade with the United States.

- Different climates where they can grow crops not easily grown in the United States.
- Cheaper labor allows for them to produce clothing items cheaper than they can be produced in the US.



