## Creating Four Thematic Maps for the <br> Memphis, Tennessee Metropolitan Statistical Area

Choropleth | Graduated Symbol | Dot | Cartogram


CHOROPLETH


DOT


GRADUATED SYMBOL


CARTOGRAM


## CHOROPLETH

## GRADUATED SYMBOL

## Add Title



## Add Population Categories

## Directions

1. Using the Memphis MSA chart, determine four categories for the Choropleth map and write the categories in the legend box.
2. Give a title for the legend.
3. Choose a color scheme from dark to light shades of the same color.
4. Color each county according to the legend categories you determined.

5. Using the Memphis MSA chart, determine how many people the black dot will represent. This will require dividing the county's total population by the number of people the dot will represent. Be sure the number is reasonable (over 1,000 for certain).
6. Write the number the dot will represent in the legend box next to the black dot.
7. Draw in each county the correct number of dots. It does not have to perfectly drawn circle dots.

## Add Title

## Population \#

 Circle Size Represents

## Directions

1. Using the Memphis MSA chart, determine how many people the two circles on the left represent and write the number in the legend box.
2. Give a title for the legend
3. Determine the approximate size of the circle for each county. The largest circle should fit on the map.
4. Draw the circle for each county. The circles can be rough estimates and hand drawn.
5. Draw largest circles first.

## CARTOGRAM



Population \# Each Box Represents

## Directions

1. Using the Memphis MSA chart, determine how many people the black box will represent and write it in the legend box (in the thousands).
2. Determine how many boxes each county should have (be sure all the counties will fit on the graph).
3. Start in the middle of the graph paper with drawing the largest county first.
4. Attempt to make the counties look as close as possible to their actual shapes.


CHOROPLETH


GRADUATED SYMBOL

## Total Population



10,000 people


CARTOGRAM $\square 5,000$ people


DIRECTIONS: Rank order the four maps with 1 being the most effective map to show the population for each county and 4 being the least effective map to show population for each county. Give an explanation for each of your rankings.

| Map | Ranking | Explanation for Ranking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Graduated Circle <br> GRADUATED SYMBDL <br> $\cdots$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |



Rank order the four maps with 1 being the most effective map to show the population for each county and 4 being the least effective map to show population for each county. Give an explanation for each of your rankings.

| Map | Ranking | Explanation for Ranking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2$ | Categories show range of population for each county. |
|  | 4 | Easy to see where most people live, but overlapping circles hide geographic areas. |
|  | 1 | Easy to see where most people live, but need to count dots to see how many people live in each county. |
|  | $3$ | Majority of countries are very small to where it is impossible to recognize them by their shape. |







# How is this map of 

 Canada an incomplete understanding when referencingAverage value (Days)

Frost-Free Season
Low Carbon $\rightarrow$ Less climate change


## At a larger scale it is possible to see that Prince Edward Island is 200+ days.

Summerside

Frost-Free Season
HELP

## Region <br> LOUISBOURG

## Projected change in mean Length of the Frost-Free Season <br> Low Carbon $\rightarrow$ Less climate change

1976-2005 2051-2080 $178.3 \rightarrow 215.0$

Up $\Delta$ +36.7

## Costal areas on the east coast of Nova Scotia are over 200+ days.



## Growing season length

1951-1980
Growing Season
Days

| 0 to 20 |
| :--- |
| 21 to 40 |
| 41 to 60 |
| 61 to 80 |
| 81 to 100 |
| 101 to 120 |
| 121 to 140 |
| 141 to 160 |
| 161 to 180 |
| 181 to 200 | Provincial Boundaries $^{2}$

## Source

NRCan - CFS
www.cfs.nrcan.gc.ca/forestchange
Projection
Canada Lambert Conformal Conic Standard Parallels 49N 77N
Central Meridian: -95
Date
January 14, 2016


## Growing season length

## 1981-2010

## Growing Season

Days
0 to 20
21 to 40
41 to 60
61 to 80
81 to 100
101 to 120
121 to 140
141 to 160
161 to 180
181 to 200

- Provincial Boundaries


## Source

NRCan - CFS
www.cfs.nrcan.gc.ca/forestchange
Projection
Canada Lambert Conformal Conic Standard Parallels 49N 77N
Central Meridian: -95
Date
January 14, 2016


(A) Explain how the growing season has changed in Canada from 1950 to 2010. (B) Explain one POSITIVE impact of this change.
(C) Explain one NEGATIVE impact of this change.

Goode's World Atlas Student Map Activity

## Goode's World Atlas Student Map Activity

 What is the thematic type of map?What type of map is the Life Expectancy map?

## 0 <br> RAND MSNALLY <br> GOODE'S WORLD ATLAS

Twenty-Third Edition


| Types of <br> Maps | Title and Page Number for each Map |  | Explain TWO geographic patterns found on each of the maps. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cartogram | Title | Page Number: | Title |
|  | Page Number: | 1 | 2 |
|  | Title | 1 | 2 |
|  | Page Number: | 1 | 2 |

