## What's in the Fridge?

## From the APHG Course Articulation Guide

- · Explain the interdependence among regions of food production and consumption.
- Food is part of a global supply chain; products from less developed low-latitude regions (e.g., coffee, bananas) are often consumed globally.
- Identify agricultural production regions associated with major bioclimatic zones.
- · Analyze the causes and consequences of international trade and growing interdependence in the world economy.
- Complementarity and comparative advantage establish the basis for trade.

## Free Response Questions (Outline your answers in the space below each question.)

- 1) Discuss why the types of foods imported from Latin America are different than the types of foods imported from Europe.
- 2) Identify two reasons why the United States imports specific types of foods from Central America.

- 1) Explain how exports from European countries are different than the exports from Central America countries.
- 2) Identify an example of complementarity between the United States and a Latin American country.
- 3) Discuss the comparative advantage countries like Guatemala, Bangladesh, and Mexico have with what it trade with the United States.